Amendment And Response Serial No. 10/726,324

## In The Specification:

Please replace the previously presented paragraph [0018] from page 5, line 17 to page 6, line 21 with the following replacement paragraph:

The covering for an aseptic treatment site of the present invention is generally indicated by the numeral 10 in Fig. 2 and following. Referring as a first matter to Fig. 1, a prior art, commercially available angiography drape is shown therein and is designated by the numeral 11. The prior art drape 11 includes a main body 12, which is typically fabricated, at least in part, from a cellulosic substantially opaque material. The main body 12 has a first end 13, which is typically oriented towards the head of the a patient, and an opposite second end 14, which is positioned near the feet of a the patient. The main body 12 is defined by a peripheral edge 15. A transparent pliable perimeter portion 20, is provided, and which is attached to peripheral edge 15. This perimeter portion 20 includes a plurality of deformable attachment members 21, which are adhesively affixed to the pliable perimeter portion 20 and which can be deformed in order to secure the perimeter portion 20 to an adjacent object such as an examination table. These deformable attachment members 21 are bent or otherwise deformed in order to attach the perimeter portion 20 to the object, thereby securing the drape 11 in an orientation such that it is secured out of the way of the clinician and other healthcare workers working adjacent thereto. The main body 12 includes a pair of windows, apertures or fenestrations 22, which are formed in predetermined positions near first end 31 13, and which provide a convenient location whereby a clinician may gain access to a patient's body positioned below the surgical drape 11 in order to perform medical procedures. As should be understood, windows, or apertures or fenestrations 22 formed in the main body 12 are occluded, in part, by a flexible transparent adhesive border 23, which is affixed to the main body 12 and which defines an aperture 24 through which the clinician will gain access to the patient's body. A release paper of conventional design 25 is releasably positioned in covering relation relative to the flexible transparent adhesive border 23. This release paper 25 is removed removable, thereby exposing the adhesive border 23 therebelow. Thereafter, the clinician positions the aperture 24 in an appropriate orientation and the flexible transparent adhesive border 23 secures the main body 12 in place such that it does not move during the medical procedure.